New York Office: Tribune Building. Chicago Office: First National Bank Building. The Evening Star, with the Sunday morning edion, is delivered by carriers, on their own account, ithin the city at 50 cents per month; without the unday morning edition at 44 cents per month.

By mail, postage prepaid:
Daily, Sunday included, one month, 60 cents,
Daily, Sunday excepted, one month, 50 cents.
Saturday Star, one year, \$1.00.
Sunday Stat, one year, \$1.50.

Taft Camp.

VORYS HAS "POWWOWS"

for a Compass.

Efforts of the Secretary's Aids to Call

the Committee Meeting

Fail Also.

central committee, sent out the fol-

lowing telegram to all members of

the committee: "Owing to the in-

definite postponement of party con-

ference by Senator Dick, call for

meeting state central committee is

hereby rescinded." He declined to

say whether any other meeting of

the committee would be called in

the near future or to make any other

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 14.-The situa-

tion early today, following the calling off

of the republican state conference by Sen-

ator Dick, is chaotic. The politicians here

do not know what to do, but probably the

men invited to the conference will remain

at home, although some of them over the

telephone today declared that they were

coming to Columbus to get the lay of the

land on the whole situation. Chairman

Vorys, leader of the Taft forces, is busy

neither he nor Chairman Brown of the

give out. Some sort of an announcement

Taft Indorsement in Doubt.

republicans of his state for the presidential

nomination, as seemed likely at the close

of last week-not at once, at least. And

Talk of Flags.

originally for the purpose of joining in the

conference now called off, for the purpose

of taking action on the candidacy of Mr.

Taft alone. As this action has already been

discounted and repudiated in advance by

both Senators Foraker and Dick, the ac-

tion, if taken, will have very slight effect

Senator Dick last night called off Wed-

Taft Crowd Fought Him.

seems proper, however, that a brief expla-nation should be made.

pose of ratifying any deal, bargain or com-

party harmony and unity of purpose among the republicans of Ohio and to allay party strife and contention. This, it was believed,

could be done by a full, frank and con-

siderate exchange of opinion in so repre-

sentative a gathering. Finally, the addition

of some public expressions voicing as

nearly as might be the ascertained senti-

Tried to Secure Harmony.

purpose to attempt to dictate or even in-

dorse, or still less nominate, the party

choice or candidates. It was never meant

to have the conference assume the functions

of the state convention, or encroach upon

any rights or privileges of individual re-

publicans. Nor was it supposed there would be any arbitrary action binding the great

body of republicans, and no such action was

contemplated, as a careful reading of the call will show. Certainly the conference

could exercise no function beyond that of recommendation.

"The chief thought was that harmony and unity among all the republicans of Ohio,

based upon justice to every element of the

on of republican principles and to insure

party, are essential to the complete promo

full success to republican candidates in all

elections, local as well as general, and

should be secured, if possible, without de-

lay.
"The purpose of this meeting has been

misunderstood by some and misrepresented by others, and thus it has met with some

opposition and disfavor, and in other cases

vinced that the desired restoration of com-

plete harmony through unanimity of action by such a conference would be impossible

such a conference would be

at this time, I postpone the

Therefore, having become con-

e the meeting indefi-CHARLES DICK,

ment of Ohio republicans.

upon the situation.

the morning papers.

may be made during the day.

statement concerning it.

ing of the committee.

REFUSE TO ARBITRATE OHIO CLAN IS NOW

No. 17,033.

shoremen's Strike Fail. Dick's Action a Bomb in the

THE MEN ARE DETERMINED

Steamship Lines Are of the Same Way

He and His Lieutenants Are Looking

An Anti-Strike Union Proposed-New FORAKER WINS EVERY MOVE York Measure Aimed at Strike-

COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 14.-Chairman Brown of the republican state central committee has canceled the call for tomorrow's meet-Later this afternoon W. F. Brown, chairman of the republican state

Mr. Robinson was asked if the American Federation of Labor would give the men financial aid should they need it. He said that as the Longshoremen's Union is not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, money could not be appropriated for that purpose from the federation treas-

today conferring with his lleutenants, and ance would probably be put up to the members as individuals."

Father Flannery of St. Vernique's Roman Catholic Church, on Christopher street, which President Connors and many state central committee had anything to It is certain, however, that Secretary Taft will not have a favorable expression of the that he still lacks this coveted prize people

here say is due to the rule-or-ruin policy adopted by the Secretary and the organization that stands for him in this state. They have decided not only that they would have the highest prize, but that no other republican in the state shall have anything. The Taft men here this morning are talk-

ing about Foraker as having run up the time will never come when we will be able to take up the offer."

Marcus M. Marks of the Civic Federablack flag, when he simply seems to have drawn down the white flag of truce and harmony after his overtures had been refused. The Taft men are now trying to have Chairman W. F. Brown of Toledo conference tinue his call for a meeting of the state central committee here tomorrow evening,

Mr. Marks, "in the hope that the time will come when the two elements will see the wisdom of the step."

with sixteen butchers who had struck for

higher wages, 1,200 men, mostly foreigners, walked out of the N. R. Allen fons tannery today. The plant is closed.

An Anti-Strike Union. Special Dispatch to The Star.

nesday's state conference, and so notified all the leaders who were invited, telling union is the latest innovation in the labor them his statement would appear in full in world. Edwin L. Reed, late manager of the Employers' Teaming Company, is at the Senator Dick feels that his efforts to head of the new combine to be known as the restore peace in the party have gone as far as he could carry them, and that he National Employers' Detective Bureau. The new bureau intends to draw all mer failed because the Taft people have fought and agencies opposed to labor unions under its control and attempt to break strikes in all lines of business. Particular attention them. He leaves the party to settle the question. Following is his statement: When, as the chairman of the Ohio rewill be given to street car disputes, strikes in building, teaming and manufacturing. It is said that the same tactics used by publican state executive committee, I invited a conference of the state central and executive committees, of the chairmen of labor unions will be used by the members of the new combine. If slugging is introthe republican county executive committees, of the elective state officers and of the reduced by the strikers, slugging will be used by the anti-strike employes. Pickets will be established and business agents will swarm among the new concern's employes during their labors. publican members of Congress, to be called at Columbus Wednesday, May 15, I then assumed entire responsibility for the call, as I now assume entire responsibility for an indefinite postponement of that meeting. It

NEW YORK, May 14.-James O'Connell, "The conference was called with no purpresident of the International Association of Machinists, and a committee of seventeen, promise, for there was none, but to secure representing the machinists of the Erie railroad from Jersey City to Chicago, arrived in this city last night to confer with J. C. Stewart, general manager of the Erie of 1,000 machinists on the road. The committee represents shops in New York, Jersey City, Chicago, Cleveland, Huntington, Buffalo, Port Jervis and Hor-nell. They demand the abolition of the piece-work system and a uniform wage rate, claiming that the present rate in "There was no intention of assuming to do more than to recommend united action and effort among Ohio republicans, and no

night by Assemblyman John C. Hackett of New York city, prohibits street car companies from carrying strike breakers. "I've introduced this bill for the protection of passengers, whose lives are endangered by the presence of strike breakers,' Hackett said later. "These people crowd on the South street and cross-town cars and the probability of a scrimmage with the strikers makes it dangerous for innocent

The bill, it is said, is unconstitutional. NEW YORK, May 14.-Five hundred em ware factory at Woodhaven, L. I., went on strike yesterday, and it is believed that boys. The girls demand a change of conditions whereby they will be able to earn a dollar a day. The boys, who are earning from \$4 to \$9 a week, want an increase of \$1. The officers of the factory refused to treat with the strikers.

The lumber handlers along the Harlem sweetheart.

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, MAY 14, 1907-TWENTY PAGES.

RACE ARE

GOING IN THE

e Kvening Star.

TWO CENTS.

IN STATE OF CHAOS Efforts to Make Peace in Long-

of Thinking.

LABOR TROUBLES ELSEWHERE

breakers-Many Men Out.

NEW YORK, May 14.-A flat refusal to accept the aid of Samuel Gompers in the effort to bring about a peace conference between the striking longshoremen and the steamship men was given yesterday by Patrick Connors, president of the Longshoremen's Union. Responding to the request that he use his influence with the strikers, Mr. Gompers early in the day communicated with Herman Robinson, the American Federation of Labor's organizer in this city. Mr. Gompers, who was in Washington, talked for half an hour with

Washington, talked for half an hour with Mr. Robinson over the telephone.

"If the longshoremen desire me to help in bringing about a peace conference," said Mr. Gompers, "I will be glad to do so. I will also act as arbitrator if they wish."

Mr. Robinson called upon the strikers at their meeting place and placed Mr. Gompers' proposition before them.

"It is of no use for Mr. Gompers to come here," declared President Connors. "The men have decided that they will stay out until next Christmas before they will yield anything to the steamship men. Strong pressure has been brought to bear upon us from a dozen sources and our answer has always been the same. We expect to win the strike. There is no use in appointing a committee, because we have but one proposition to make—that the steamship men have. It is up to them to consider it without any conference."

"I never saw a more confident lot of men in my life," said Mr. Robinson later. "Nothing at this time can move them."

No Aid From Federation.

"If they should appeal to the federa-

others of the longshoremen attend, sent for Connors yesterday and asked him if he could not induce the union to meet with could not induce the union to meet with representatives from the steamship owners. Father Flannery said he thought the strikers would gain much public sympathy by such a step and that they might succeed in putting an end to the strike at their own terms. Connors told the priest that not one of the strikers would vote for a committee.

Michael Regan and John Bealin of the state labor commission's bureau of media-tion and arbitration spent an hour with the strikers yesterday. They told Presi-dent Connors that there ought to be some way of settling the strike and that they would have the state board take up terms of compromise if the strikers wished. "Just thank the state board for their trouble," said President Connors. "The

tion, called on several steamship men yes-terday, and when the question of a concommittee was broached they all shall keep on with the work," said

1,200 Men Out. KENOSHA, Wis., May 14.-In sympathy

CHICAGO, Ill., May 14.-An anti-strike

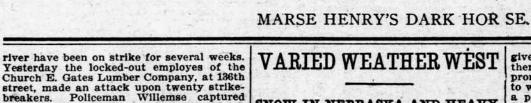
Seek to Avert a Strike.

many of the shops is much below the average for skilled labor.

Aimed at Strikebreakers.

ALBANY, May 14 .- A bill introduced to-

Strike of 500 in Woodhaven Shop. ployes of the Lalance & Grosjean agate a larger number will go out today. Three thousand hands are employed in the factory. Of the strikers 300 are girls and 200



three strikers who were beating Mateo Jauracomo. Later in the Morrisania court the prisoners were discharged with a warn-The lumber companies are demand ing. ing police protection.

One Day's Strike. ST. PETERSBURG. May 14.-The workmen of St. Petersburg generally today celebrated the Russian May day with a oneday strike, most of the factories closing entirely and others suspending business at noon. Only the governmental works, such as the shipyards and ammunition factories. were open. The authorities had announced that a cessation of work there would be punished by a general lockout, but the workmen voted to give their day's earnings to the fund for idle workmen. The strike also affected many of the smaller stores, the street car service was suspended on several of the lines and most of the newspender of the street car service. papers announced the suspension of their fternoon or Wednesday morning editions, owing to the strike of their compo No disorders had been reported up to noon, and not any were expected, the sonoon, and not any were expected, the so-cialist organizations having exhorted the workmen to abstain from demonstrations either in the vicinity of the manifestations either in the vicinity of the works or in the public parks, which today are the scenes of May day merry-making on the part of the working classes. The few districts in regard to which the authorities were par-ticularly apprehensive were patrolled by detachments of infantry and cavalry, and forces of troops were held in readiness for emergencies in the other quarters, but they were kept out of sight as far as possible. were kept out of sight as far as possible. Several agitators were arrested, among them M. Izmailoff, a social-democratic member of parliament, who was taken into custody while organizing a strike in the Warsaw railway shops. He was released when his identity was established.

30 FIREMEN WERE OVERCOME

NEW YORK, May 14.-Thirty firemen were overcome by smoke, one was reported to have been killed and another to be missing as the result of a stubborn fire today in the subcellar and basement of a fivestory building at 325 Broadway, occupied in part by the sales rooms and offices of the Remington Typewriter Company.

The blaze was confined at first to a quantity of material stored in the cellar, the burning of which filled the store rooms with suffocating smoke. With no window to allow the escape of the smoke the firemen were unable to withstand the fumes. One after another they were brought out unconscious by their comrades.

CHINA IS INDIGNANT.

Considers Japan's Deferred Fulfillment

of Promises Bad Faith. MUKDEN, May 14.—The repeated promises made by the Japanese for the past three years to return to China the property appropriated through the exigencies of war are still unfulfilled. In consequence of this China is expressing much indignation at what is considered g gross breach of faith. As yet the recovery of a large amount of government and private property in numerous places throughout Manchuria, which was appropriated by Japan without compen-sation on the sole pretext that China had failed to observe neutrality in allowing Russia to occupy these properties, is considered doubtful. This excuse is not considered honest, since Japan is fully aware of China's helplessness to enforce neutrality, while Japan, in regard to abuse of neutrality, is considered equally guilty. Russia holds much appropriated property which has been leased to Japanese traders without any compensation to China,

Death Sentences Affirmed.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 14 .- The supreme court today affirmed the death sentences imposed by the circuit court on convicts George Ryan, Harry Vaughan and Edward Raymond, who broke out of the penitentiary, November 24, 1905, and

SNOW IN NEBRASKA AND HEAVY RAINS IN MISSOURI.

OMAHA. Neb., May 14.-Snow fell in different sections of Nebraska last night and continues falling today. At Lincoln there is | W. E. Corey and Bride Among Pashalf an inch of snow on the ground. Snow has been falling at Columbus since daylight. Concordia, Kansas, reports snow falling. Half of northern Nebraska is covered with

Indications for tonight are for frost over the entire state, followed by warmer Wednesday. The snow and rain will be of great benefit

to winter wheat, which badly needs the

Bain in Kansas and Oklahoma. KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 14.-More than three inches of rain fell last night in southwestern Missouri, and there was a precipitation of over two inches of water in other portions of the state. There was a light fall of rain all over Kansas and throughout most of Oklahoma.

ONE KILLED; TWO HURT

DETROIT, Mich., May 14.—One man was death today when a scaffolding on which three cornicemen were working at the eighth floor of the new Owen building, corner Lafayette boulevard and Wayne street, gave way.

Walter Grego and Barney Breen, two of the cornice men, fell to the basement, where they struck on a pile of loose sand which saved them from instant death. Part of the scaffolding struck a laborer, Gus Huesling, on the head, and he died in a few moments. Walter Gregory felt the scafof the building. He hung by his hands several minutes until rescued by men on the

SIX REASONS TO DIE

CHICAGO, May 14.-Six reasons why he killed himself were given by Beauford L. Leeds, a guest of the Warner Hotel, who was found dead in his room last night, having committed suicide by taking strychnine. The reasons were as follows: "1-I have been dissatisfied since I was

"2-I have been handicapped throughout life with deformed feet.

"3-One side of my body has been partly paralyzed for the past ten years. "4-My right hand has been ruined by an accident.

"6-I have been up against a score of financial misfortunes." Leeds, who it is supposed was a chemist. left a letter addressed to Miss Blanche Keller, Swanton, Ohio, and it is believed his home was at that place. He was about

"5-I have been a sufferer from neuralgia.

PIPE CONTRACT GOES BEGGING. Big Plants at Pittsburg Have Orders Far Ahead.

thirty years of age.

Special Dispatch to The Star. PITTSBURG, Pa., May 14 .- A contract for \$3,000,000 worth of 18-inch and 20-inch steel pipe is going begging in the Pittsburg district. Not a mill can start work on the order in less than nine to twelve months. The National Tube Company has contracts for several hundred miles of big pipe line for the Texas fields; the independents have new \$3,000,000 contract must be placed before Cincinnati can feel secure of its nat-

VARIED WEATHER WEST given to the National Tube Company, but there is no telling when the concern can promise the delivery of enough of the pipe to warrant the beginning of operations upon a proposed new line. Officers of the Fuel Supply Company say that they have no hope of taking gas from the West Virginia field to Cincinnati before this time next year, if so soon.

Oncers of the Fuel of the Fuel of the residual of the residual in state of the re

MANY OFF FOR EUROPE.

sengers Who Sailed Today.

NEW YORK, May 14.-The steamer Kaiser Wilhelm II, which sailed today for Bremen, carried a large list of passengers, ncluding many prominent persons. Among them were Charlemagne Tower, American ambassador to Germany, and Mrs. Tower, Prince Leopold of Saxe-Coburg, Lieut. Col. Dickhut, chief of the general staff of the 17th Army Corps of the German army; Adit. Gen. Loewenfeld of the German emperor's personal staff. Count von Hatzfeldt-Trachenberg, attache of the German em-bassy at Tokio, and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt.

W. E. Corey, president of the United States Steel Corporation, and Mrs. Corey also were passengers on the steamer.

Imperial Conference Ended at London. LONDON, May 14.—The imperial conference at its closing session today adopted the motion of Sir Wilfrid Laurier in favor of an all-British subsidized steamship route from the united kingdom to Australasia, by way of Canada. A committee is to be killed, two were seriously injured and a appointed to inquire into the cost of such third had a remarkably narrow escape from a route and draw up definite proposals on the subject. The motion of Sir Wilfrid is designed to bring about a reduction in freight charges, thus giving an indirect form of preference to the British colonies, reducing the time from England to Australia to twenty instead of thirty days, and in the end diverting some of the traffic now going by way of New York.

FUNERAL TRAIN STARTS EAST

SANTA BARBARA, Cal., May 14.-The Shriner funeral train, bearing the bodies folding giving way and grabbed a cornice of the twenty-one victims of the Honda disaster, and with a party of more than 200 of those who escaped from the wreck, departed for the east today.

Rival Camps in Battle. Special Dispatch to The Star.

HAMMOND, Ind., May 14 .- A bloody battle between two rival railroad camps broke out at midnight last night at Groson, three miles east of this city, and fully thirty men are reported injured. The authorities are puzzled over the mysterious disappearance, for when a squad of police and ambulances were hurried from Hammond to the scene of battle today only one man could be found who was injured. He was brought to St. Margaret's Hospital with a pick-ax wound

People who passed the camp on the way to work early this morning reported to the Hammond police that men lay around on the ground badly wounded, many being covered with blood.

in his head and will die.

David S. Barry's Appointment. David S. Barry of the Providence Journal has been appointed a member of the official board of visitors to the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis.

The Bryces in Richmond. Special Dispatch to The Star.

RICHMOND, Va., May 14.-Ambassador Bryce, Mrs. Bryce and Miss Evelyn Grey, who have been the guests of Gov. and Mrs. Swanson since their arrival here Sunday afternoon, were conducted through all the state departments this morning, and at 11 o'clock were driven through Hollywood emetery. The monument to Gen. Washington in the square was greatly admired, orders ahead far into next winter. The while the marble statue in the rotunda of the capitol was the especial object of adkilled Guard John Clay in resisting re-capture. The three are now sentenced to be hanged on June 27. The supreme court also sentenced John King of St. Louis to hang on that date for having killed his

HUGHES MEN OBJECT GRAIN PITS IN PANIC

Complaint of Political Activity of Officeholders.

WANT THEM CALLED OFF

It is Said That the President Will Be Notified.

SIMILAR SITUATION IN OHIO

Claimed That the Chief Executive Is Ignorant of This Violation of His Expressed Wishes.

Friends of Gov. Hughes are reported to be preparing to call the attention of the White House to the active participation in politics in that state of a regiment of federal officeholders. This move of the Hughes people follows the recent meeting of the republican state committee, at which resolutions favoring Gov. Hughes for the republican nomination for President were voted down by a large majority. While the Hughes people did not ask for or expect such an indorsement at this time and had no idea that a resolution of the sort would be introduced, they are anything but pleased, according to inside information coming here, over the fact that the principal opponents of such a resolution were federal officeholders. To the Hughes people the irritating part of the New York situation is that the state committee, which constitutes the organization in the state, is composed in large numbers of men holding government positions. The committee is known as a Roosevelt or-

The President's Reform Policy. The attention of the President is to be directed to his policy at the beginning of his administration and for a few years afterward of "hands off" on the part of men who draw salaries from the treasury of Uncle Sam. It is recalled that the Presiof Uncle Sam. It is recalled that the President went so far, a few years ago, as to dismiss from office a number of men who had taken offensive positions in political fights and in every department he had stringent orders issued forbidding federal employes to participate in the management of campaigns or do more than cast their votes as citizens. In a number of instances he required men either to give up their positions or to resign membership in state or other committees.

the President, and passed laudatory resolu-tions when in meeting assembled. In New York a few days ago one of the organiza ions expressed its regret at the increase in political activity on the part of the office

Complaint of Foraker People. One of the bitter complaints of the For-

aker people in Ohio is that everywhere and on all sides they encounter the active opposition of men on the pay rolls of the government. These officials, it is asserted, are loudest in their criticisms of Senator Foraker and foremost in leadership of the people who are fighting him. There is little recourse for the Foraker people, but in the case of Governor Hughes he is in position to let the President know quite pointedly what he feels. Instead of asking for help in his own fight, through the political patronage of the national administration, he would prefer, it is claimed, to have the administration of these properties of the second of the se ministration call off those who live from government pay rolls and act as they think the administration would have them act.
The President's friends claimed that he has probably pail little attention to office-holding strenuosity, but when he finds that the charges are correct he is likely to take quick, sharp action that will be consistent with his official and private views. Long before he held federal office he was in per-fect harmony with those citizens who main-tained that the federal official should be seen and not heard in politics, but that his business was to serve the government faith-fully and assume a non-partisan attity e in is political course.

Situation in the South. Complaints are coming from the southern states that the patronage class there is now doing the hardest sort of work to line up the south with the Roosevelt support that is to be so important in the next national convention. This class is at work, it is claimed, under the direction of Frank H. Hitchcock, assistant postmaster general. In every southern state the President has a number of referees who advise him as to appointments. These referees, nearly all officeholders, are turning things upside down to control the delegations from their respective states next year.

WARSHIPS LEAVE NORFOLK. Some of the Foreign Squadrons to Return for Function.

NORFOLK, Va., May 14.-The Japanes and Austrian squadrons and the first of the American fleet of battleships at the Jamestown exposition to depart from Hampton roads sailed today. The Japanese cruisers Tsukuba and Chitose passed out the Virginia capes, and the Austrian cruisers Sankt Georg and Aspern passed up Chesapeake bay for Annapolis. The United States battleships Maine and New Jersey also passed out the capes bound north. The Japanese squadron goes to New York incident to the reception and festivities which occur there this week in connection with the visit of Gen. Baron Kuroki and the large company of Japanese who are now with him at Old Point Comfort, all of whom leave on a special train for New York following the dinner to be tendered the Japanese baron by Gen. Grant tonight. The Italian squadron, composed of the Duke de Abruzzi's flagship, the Varese, and the cruiser Etruria, is preparing to sail tomorrow for Philadelphia and New York. The Austrian following their return from The Japanese, Austrians and Italians wil all return to Hampton roads to be present when President Roosevelt next visits the Jamestown exposition, June 10.

Cathedral Dedicated.

HARRISBURG, Pa., May 14.-St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Cathedral was dedicated today with elaborate services, in which Archbishop Ryan of Philadelphia and 130 bishops and priests from the Harrisburg diocese and other parts of Pennsylvania participated. Every church in the liocese was represented by lay delegates in addition to clergymen. The exercises began at 10 o'clock with a procession of priests from the priests' hall to the sanc-tuary. Rev. J. J. Koch, vicar general of the Harrisburg diocese, dedicated the chapel. Pontifical mass was celebrated by Bishop Shanahan of the Harrisburg dio Company of Pittsburg and the Cincinnati Gas and Electric Company.

Washington. The ambassador was profuse in his acknowledgment of courtesies while here, saying: "The ways of the Virginians are most delightful and charming."

Cese, and the sermon was preached by Bishop Garvey of Altoona. The construction of the cathedral was started on St. Patrick's day, 1904, and was completed March 1 of this year.

Made an attempt to murder the inspector of the political prison here. While she was being examined by the inspector was profuse in his acknowledgment of courtesies while here, saying: "The ways of the Virginians are most delightful and charming."

Fair, warmer tonight; showers

Weather.

and cooler tomorrow or tomore row night.

AS WHEAT GOES OFF

Enormous Buying Orders Force the Market Down.

PRICES DROP IN CHICAGO

Decline From One to Three Cents and Buying Begins.

MAY HAVE REACHED CLIMAX

Fall in Liverpool Basis for Belief That the High Mark Has Been

Reached.

CHICAGO, May 14 .- A recurrence of yesterday's frenzied excitement and panicky conditions characterized initial transactions on the board of trade today, but opening quotations showed a much narrower range than did the first quotations of the previous session. The tendency at the start was toward higher prices, but enormous realizing sales quickly carried prices down from 1 to 3 cents per bushel. From 96% to 97%, the opening quotations on July, the price dropped back to 94%. September opened at 971/2 to 98 and declined to 961/4. December sold off to 98% after opening at

Traders Spellbound.

Previous to the opening traders waited with bated breath the sound of the gong which would be the signal for the resumption of trading. Uncertainty as to what course the market would take held traders spellbound. Those who looked for higher prices based their expectations on an advance of 11/2 cents in the price of wheat on the Minneapolis curb and on continued cold weather n the spring wheat territory. A decline of over a penny a bushel for wheat at Liverpool furnished sufficient reason for the belief on the part of other traders that prices on the local board had reached the climax, at least for the pres-

The Pit Flooded.

When the confusion attending the openand it was found that prices showed comparatively small gains those who had wheat for sale at a profit flooded the pit with their offerings, and the result was a quick decline. After prices had dropped back from 1 to 8 cents the buying again began on an enormous scale and prices rallied about 1 cent from the low point. At the end of the first half hour of trading July was selling around 95%. At the same time the September option was being

bought around 97 cents and December at At noon May wheat sold at 92, July at 94 and September at 96. A widespread profit-taking movement was evident all

Heavy Trading in Gotham. NEW YORK, May 14 .- Heavy trading in he local wheat market was resumed today, and prices after a short advance reacted sharply under an avalanche of selling orders. July wheat opened at \$1.03, an advance of 1/4 over last night's close, and September opened at \$1.03%, unchanged. After the execution of overnight buying orders the market sagged and then gave way under heavy realizations of the bulls. way under heavy realizations of the bulls. Prices dropped anywhere from 1 to 3 cents, after which the market steadied at about a cent under Monday's close, where it fluctuated feverishly. New York did not reflect Chicago's excited opening. Despite the continued pessimistic reports of crop damage and continued cold, floor traders said a reaction was due because the market was

Selling orders for England and the con-tinent were detected in the local market.

A big bull pool is reported to be operating

JURY FOR RUEF TRIAL. Nearly Two Months Required to Se-

cure It. SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.-With the selection yesterday of Henry A. Euler, the jury to try Abraham Ruef on a charge of extortion was completed. It has taken nearly two months to secure this jury. This afternoon when the case is called physicians will testify as to whether Ruef is in a physical condition to stand the strain of a trial. The trial jurors are as follows: J. H. Numbrell, fruit dealer; W. D. Knights, cashler; Clarence Colman, real estate dealer; Gustav Wormser, wholesale grocer; John C. Cavanaugh, furniture deal-

er; Edwin E. Liddle, property owner; Phil-lip E. Lynch, fuel and feed merchant; F. A. Haiser, wine merchant; Edward Hughes, special policeman; Harry A. Harvey, retired civil engineer; James Hagan, undertaker; Henry A. Euler, retired box manufacturer. NAMED FOR I. O. B. A. OFFICES.

Next Year's Convention to Mark Fiftieth Anniversary. SYRACUSE, N. Y., May 14.-Samuel Dorf of New York and Judge J. C. Block of Cleveland were placed in nomination yesterday by the Grand Lodge of the Independent Order of Brith Abraham for the office of grand master. The election will

be held today, and the contest is expected

to be exciting. A committee was appointed today to hear the plans proposed by the delegates with reference to the reserve fund. It is the desire of many to have the fund in one bank under direct control of the Grand Lodge. New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Buffalo, Denver, Newark, N. J., and Chicago are mentioned as places for holding next year's convention, which will mark the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the order.

Recognized as Escaped Terrorist. MOSCOW, May 14.-Madame Fromkina, who was arrested in the lobby of the opera house here March 14, having in her possession an automatic revolver charged with poisoned bullets, and who was believed to ntend the assassination of Gen. Rheinbot, the prefect of police, was later recognized as an escaped terrorist who had been exiled to Siberia for making an attempt on the life of Gen. Novitzky, chief of the gen-darmerle of Kiev. The woman yesterday made an attempt to murder the